# **U.S. Department of Commerce** U.S. Patent and Trademark Office



# **Privacy Impact Assessment** for the **Data Conversion Laboratory Patent Support (DCLPS)**

Reviewed by: Henry J. Holcombe, Bureau Chief Privacy Officer

X	Concurrence	of Senior Age	ncy Official	for Privacy/Do	OC Chief Privacy	y Officer
---	-------------	---------------	--------------	----------------	------------------	-----------

□ Non-concurrence of Senior Agency Official for Privacy/DOC Chief Privacy Officer

CATRINA PURVIS Digitally signed by CATRINA PURVIS

Date: 2020.10.15 14:40:34 -04'00'

05/23/2020

# U.S. Department of Commerce Privacy Impact Assessment USPTO Data Conversion Laboratory Patent Support (DCLPS)

**Unique Project Identifier: [2405] PTOC-027-00** 

**Introduction: System Description** 

Provide a description of the system that addresses the following elements: The response must be written in plain language and be as comprehensive as necessary to describe the system.

- (a) Whether it is a general support system, major application, or other type of system

  The Data Conversion Laboratory Patent Support (DCLPS) is a general support system.
- (b) System location
  The Data Conversion Laboratory Patent Support (DCLPS) is located in 6118 190 Street Suite 205 Fresh Meadows, NY 11365.
- (c) Whether it is a standalone system or interconnects with other systems (identifying and describing any other systems to which it interconnects)

  The Data Conversion Laboratory Patent Support (DCLPS) is an external contractor system that has been implemented in support of the Continuous Data Conversion (CDC).
- (d) The way the system operates to achieve the purpose(s) identified in Section 4

  The purpose of the system is to transform electronic Tagged Image File Format (TIFF) images of patent application documents to Extensible Markup Language (XML) documents based on a predefined XML schema.
- (e) How information in the system is retrieved by the user

  The files in the new XML format allow patent examiners to search, manage, and manipulate different document types, using examination tools under development.
- (f) How information is transmitted to and from the system

  DCL receives patent applications directly from the United States Patent and Trademark

  Office (USPTO). Data transfer between DCLPS and USPTO is done via a secure transport
  system. The transfers take place over public internet, from DCL to USPTO through their TIC
  (trusted internet connection).
- (g) Any information sharing conducted by the system DCL does not share any information with other agencies, individuals, or organizations. The information provided by USPTO is used by DCL for authorized data conversion activities performed by internal personnel only.
- (h) The specific programmatic authorities (statutes or Executive Orders) for collecting, maintaining, using, and disseminating the information. This PII and BII data is collected by the USPTO to enable identification of the inventory and facilitate the patent application process. It is provided to DCL so that data conversion activities can be performed on the collected patent application. The legal authority to collect PII and/or BII derives from 35 U.S.C. 1, 2 6, and 115; 5 U.S.C. 301 (SORN COMMERCE/PAT-TM-7).
- (i) The Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) 199 security impact category for the system

The Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS) 199 security impact category for the system is Moderate.

<b>Section 1:</b>	Status	of the	<b>Information</b>	<b>System</b>

				•				
1.1	Indicate whether the	infori	matio	n system is a new or ex	xistin	g sy	ystem.	
	This is a new info	ormat	ion sy	vstem.				
	This is an existin	g info	rmati	on system with change	es tha	ıt cr	eate new privacy risks.	
	(Check all that a	_		, .			1 ,	
	(encon un mui un	P 17 17						
	Changes That Create Ne	w Priv	acv Ri	sks (CTCNPR)				
	a. Conversions	** 1 111		d. Significant Merging		g.	New Interagency Uses	
b	o. Anonymous to Non- Anonymous			e. New Public Access			. Internal Flow or Collection	
C	e. Significant System  Management Changes			f. Commercial Sources		i.	Alteration in Character of Data	
j	. Other changes that crea	te new	privac	y risks (specify):				
2.1	-	ally i	dentif				s identifiable informati t apply.)	on
Ident	tifying Numbers (IN)							
a. S	ocial Security*		e. F	ile/Case ID	$\boxtimes$	i.	Credit Card	
b. T	axpayer ID		f. D	river's License		j.	Financial Account	
c. E	mployer ID			assport		k.	Financial Transaction	
	mployee ID			lien Registration		1.	Vehicle Identifier	
m. O	other identifying numbers	(specif	y):					
*Exp form:		ollect, r	maintai	n, or disseminate the Socia	al Secu	ırity	number, including truncate	d
Gene	eral Personal Data (GPD	)						
a. Na	,	$\boxtimes$	g. D	ate of Birth		m.	Religion	
b. M	aiden Name		h. Pl	ace of Birth		n.	Financial Information	
c. A	lias		i. H	ome Address	$\boxtimes$	0.	Medical Information	
d. G	ender		j. To	elephone Number	$\boxtimes$	p.	Military Service	
e A	ge.		k E	mail Address	$\square$	а	Physical Characteristics	

f. Race/Ethnicity   1. Education		1. Education		r. Mother's Maiden Name	
s. Other general personal data	(speci	fy): N/A			
Work-Related Data (WRD)					
a. Occupation		d. Telephone Number		g. Salary	<u> </u>
b. Job Title		e. Email Address		h. Work History	
c. Work Address	.c.)	f. Business Associates			
i. Other work-related data (s	pecify)	: N/A			
Distinguishing Features/Bion	netrics	(DFR)			
a. Fingerprints		d. Photographs		g. DNA Profiles	
b. Palm Prints		e. Scars, Marks, Tattoos		h. Retina/Iris Scans	
c. Voice					
Recording/Signatures		f. Vascular Scan		i. Dental Profile	
j. Other distinguishing featur	res/bio	metrics (specify): N/A			
		(61.15)			
System Administration/Audi a. User ID				ID E'1 A 1	
		c. Date/Time of Access		e. ID Files Accessed f. Contents of Files	
	m/audi	d. Queries Run	t cours	ee, event type, event success or fail	1150
g. Other system administration	JII/ auui	t data (specify). Hostifame, even	i sourc	e, event type, event success of fair	uic
Other Information (specify)					
(грозгу)					
2.2 Indicate sources of th	e PII/	BII in the system. (Check of	all tha	at apply.)	
		•			
Directly from Individual abo	ut Wh	om the Information Pertains			
In Person		Hard Copy: Mail/Fax		Online	
Telephone		Email			
Other (specify):					
Government Sources					
Within the Bureau		Other DOC Bureaus		Other Federal Agencies	
State, Local, Tribal		Foreign			
Other (specify):					
Non-government Sources					
Public Organizations		Private Sector	Ιп	Commercial Data Brokers	
Third Party Website or Applica	ation			- STATES THE DIVINOIS	
Other (specify):					

2.3 Describe how the accuracy of the info	rmati	on in the system is ensured.	
Data transfers between DCL and USPTO use the Ovalidate the integrity. Least privilege, auditing, enintegrity of the data and system.		Redundancy Check (CRC) against a checksum to on at rest and transmission are used to maintain the	
2.4 Is the information covered by the Pap	erwoi	k Reduction Act?	
Yes, the information is covered by the Pa Provide the OMB control number and the 0651-0021, 0651-0031, 0651-0032, and 0	e ageno	ey number for the collection.	
No, the information is not covered by the	Paper	work Reduction Act.	
2.5 Indicate the technologies used that co- deployed. (Check all that apply.) Technologies Used Containing PII/BII Not Pres		PII/BII in ways that have not been previou	sly
Smart Cards	Tousi	Biometrics	ТП
Caller-ID		Personal Identity Verification (PIV) Cards	
Other (specify):		•	
<ul> <li>☑ There are not any technologies used that co</li> <li>Section 3: System Supported Activities</li> </ul>	ntain I	PII/BII in ways that have not been previously deploy	red.
3.1 Indicate IT system supported activities <i>apply.</i> )	s whi	ich raise privacy risks/concerns. (Check all	! that
Activities			
Audio recordings		Building entry readers	
Video surveillance		Electronic purchase transactions	
Other (specify):			
☐ There are not any IT system supported active	vities v	which raise privacy risks/concerns	
☐ There are not any IT system supported activ	villes V	vincii taise privacy risks/concerns.	
Section 4: Purpose of the System			

4

Indicate why the PII/BII in the IT system is being collected, maintained, or disseminated.

4.1

(Check all that apply.)

Purpose			
To determine eligibility		For administering human resources programs	
For administrative matters	$\boxtimes$	To promote information sharing initiatives	$\boxtimes$
For litigation		For criminal law enforcement activities	
For civil enforcement activities		For intelligence activities	
To improve Federal services online	$\boxtimes$	For employee or customer satisfaction	
For web measurement and customization technologies (single-session)		For web measurement and customization technologies (multi-session)	
Other (specify):			

#### **Section 5: Use of the Information**

5.1 In the context of functional areas (business processes, missions, operations, etc.) supported by the IT system, describe how the PII/BII that is collected, maintained, or disseminated will be used. Indicate if the PII/BII identified in Section 2.1 of this document is in reference to a federal employee/contractor, member of the public, foreign national, visitor or other (specify).

This PII and BII data is collected by the USPTO to enable identification of the inventory and facilitate the patent application process. DCL does not store any data. After receiving and processing data it is directly transmitted back to USPTO. The PII/BII comes from persons applying for patents through the USPTO. This could include federal employees, contractors, members of the public, or foreign nationals.

5.2 Describe any potential threats to privacy as a result of the bureau's/operating unit's use of the information, and controls that the bureau/operating unit has put into place to ensure that the information is handled, retained, and disposed appropriately. (For example: mandatory training for system users regarding appropriate handling of information, automatic purging of information in accordance with the retention schedule, etc.)

Nation states and adversarial entities are the predominant threats to the information collected and its privacy. The system has implemented security controls following NIST guidance to deter and prevent threats to privacy.

Safeguards employed by the DCL system are: Physically secured and closely monitored. Only individuals authorized are granted logical access. All patent information is encrypted when transferred between DCL and USPTO using secure electronic methods. Periodic security testing is conducted to help assure than any new security vulnerabilities are discovered and fixed. All personnel are trained to securely handle patent information and to understand their responsibilities for protecting patents.

# **Section 6: Information Sharing and Access**

6.1 Indicate with whom the bureau intends to share the PII/BII in the IT system and how the PII/BII will be shared. *(Check all that apply.)* 

Recipient	Но	How Information will be Shared					
Recipient	Case-by-Case	Bulk Transfer	Direct Access				
Within the bureau							
DOC bureaus							
Federal agencies							
State, local, tribal gov't agencies							
Public							
Private sector		$\boxtimes$					
Foreign governments							
Foreign entities							
Other (specify):							
☐ The PII/BII in the system will not be shared.							

6.2 Indicate whether the IT system connects with or receives information from any other IT systems authorized to process PII and/or BII.

Yes, this IT system connects with or receives information from another IT system(s) authorized to process PII and/or BII.  Provide the name of the IT system and describe the technical controls which prevent PII/BII leakage:  NSI and PCAPS-IP – EFSWeb - Access controls, auditing and encryption are leveraged to prevent PII/BII leakage.
No, this IT system does not connect with or receive information from another IT system(s) authorized to process PII and/or BII.

6.3 Identify the class of users who will have access to the IT system and the PII/BII. (Check all that apply.)

Class of Users			
General Public		Government Employees	$\boxtimes$
Contractors	$\boxtimes$		
Other (specify):			

#### **Section 7:** Notice and Consent

7.1 Indicate whether individuals will be notified if their PII/BII is collected, maintained, or disseminated by the system. *(Check all that apply.)* 

$\boxtimes$	Yes, notice is provided pursuant to a system of records notice published in the Federal Register and
-------------	--

	discussed in Section 9.					
	Yes, notice is provided by a Privacy Act statement and/or privacy policy. The Privacy Act statement and/or privacy policy can be found at:					
$\boxtimes$	Yes, notice is provided by other means.	Specify how: DCLPS depends on the notice provided at the time of collection by PCAPS-IP EFSWeb				
	No, notice is not provided.	Specify why not:				

7.2 Indicate whether and how individuals have an opportunity to decline to provide PII/BII.

Yes, individuals have an opportunity to decline to provide PII/BII.	Specify how: DCLPS depends on the notice provided at the time of collection by PCAPS-IP EFSWeb
No, individuals do not have an opportunity to decline to provide PII/BII.	Specify why not:

7.3 Indicate whether and how individuals have an opportunity to consent to particular uses of their PII/BII.

$\boxtimes$	Yes, individuals have an opportunity to consent to particular uses of their PII/BII.	Specify how:  DCLPS depends on the notice provided at the time of collection by PCAPS-IP EFSWeb  The information is volunteered by individuals as a part of the patent application process. The PII/BII contained in this information is needed for successful processing of the patent application.
	No, individuals do not have an opportunity to consent to particular uses of their PII/BII.	Specify why not:

7.4 Indicate whether and how individuals have an opportunity to review/update PII/BII pertaining to them.

×	Yes, individuals have an opportunity to review/update PII/BII pertaining to them.	Specify how: During patent submission via EFSWeb, applicants have opportunities to update PII/BII data prior to final submission. After a patent submission, users must contact the Electronic Business Center for PII updates. All subsequent BII updates occur within PCAPS-ES system.
	No, individuals do not have an opportunity to review/update PII/BII pertaining to them.	Specify why not:

## **Section 8:** Administrative and Technological Controls

8.1 Indicate the administrative and technological controls for the system. *(Check all that apply.)* 

$\boxtimes$	All users signed a confidentiality agreement or non-disclosure agreement.
$\boxtimes$	All users are subject to a Code of Conduct that includes the requirement for confidentiality.
$\boxtimes$	Staff (employees and contractors) received training on privacy and confidentiality policies and practices.
$\boxtimes$	Access to the PII/BII is restricted to authorized personnel only.
$\boxtimes$	Access to the PII/BII is being monitored, tracked, or recorded.  Explanation: File level auditing records the user accounts that access all files.
	The information is secured in accordance with FISMA requirements.  Provide date of most recent Assessment and Authorization (A&A):March 31, 2019  This is a new system. The A&A date will be provided when the A&A package is approved.
$\boxtimes$	The Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS) 199 security impact category for this system is a moderate or higher.
	NIST Special Publication (SP) 800-122 and NIST SP 800-53 Revision 4 Appendix J recommended security controls for protecting PII/BII are in place and functioning as intended; or have an approved Plan of Action and Milestones (POA&M).
	A security assessment report has been reviewed for the supporting information system and it has been determined that there are no additional privacy risks.
	Contractors that have access to the system are subject to information security provisions in their contracts required by DOC policy.
$\boxtimes$	Contracts with customers establish ownership rights over data including PII/BII.
	Acceptance of liability for exposure of PII/BII is clearly defined in agreements with customers.
	Other (specify):

8.2 Provide a general description of the technologies used to protect PII/BII on the IT system. (Include data encryption in transit and/or at rest, if applicable).

DCLPS employs NIST recommended controls to protect PII/BII. Physical and logical access controls are in place to permit access to authorized users, monitored auditing, user training, encryption at transmission and rest are used.

## Section 9: Privacy Act

9.1 Indicate whether a system of records is being created under the Privacy Act, 5 U.S.C. § 552a. (A new system of records notice (SORN) is required if the system is not covered by an existing SORN).

As per the Privacy Act of 1974, "the term 'system of records' means a group of any records under the control of any agency from which information is retrieved by the name of the individual or by some identifying number, symbol, or other identifying particular assigned to the individual."

	Yes, this system is covered by an existing system of records notice (SORN).	
	Provide the SORN name and number (list all that apply):	
$\boxtimes$		
	Patent Application Files—PAT/TM—7	
	http://www.uspto.gov/sites/default/files/sorn/uspto-pasorn-07.pdf	
	Yes, a SORN has been submitted to the Department for approval on (date).	

	No, this system is not a system of reco	ords and a SOR	N is not applicable.	
Section	on 10: Retention of Information	ı		
10.1	Indicate whether these records ar monitored for compliance. (Chec	•	an approved records control sched-	ule and
$\boxtimes$	There is an approved record control so Provide the name of the record control Patent Examination Working Files (N	l schedule:	2)	
	No, there is not an approved record control schedule.  Provide the stage in which the project is in developing and submitting a records control schedule:			
$\boxtimes$	Yes, retention is monitored for compli			
	No, retention is not monitored for com	npliance to the	schedule. Provide explanation:	
	Indicate the disposal method of the	he PII/BII.		
	edding		Overwriting	
	aussing er (specify):		Deleting	
11.1	organization if PII were inapprop (The PII Confidentiality Impact I Processing Standards (FIPS) 199  Low – the loss of confidentiality, integ	could result priately acces Level is not to 9 security im grity, or availal	to the subject individuals and/or the seed, used, or disclosed.  the same as the Federal Information pact category.)  will to the subject individuals and/or the seed, used, or disclosed.	
	effect on organizational operations, organizational assets, or individuals.  Moderate – the loss of confidentiality, integrity, or availability could be expected to have a serious			
	adverse effect on organizational operations, organizational assets, or individuals.  High – the loss of confidentiality, integrity, or availability could be expected to have a severe or			
11.2	Indicate which factors were used (Check all that apply.)	to determin	e the above PII confidentiality impa	ct levels.
×	Identifiability		name, title, address, phone number, & email	il address.
$\boxtimes$	Quantity of PII	Provide expl	mation: the system for the time it takes to process	and return

		to USPTO. This is usually less than four hours.
	Data Field Sensitivity	Provide explanation:
$\boxtimes$	Context of Use	Provide explanation: Information is for identifying and tracking patent applicants/applications.
$\boxtimes$	Obligation to Protect Confidentiality	Provide explanation: Based on the data fields and in accordance with the Privacy Act of 1974, PII must be protected Provide explanation:Because the information containing PII must be transmitted
$\boxtimes$	Access to and Location of PII	Provide explanation:Because the information containing PII must be transmitted outside of USPTO environment, there is an added need to ensure the confidentiality of information during transmission.
	Other:	Provide explanation:

### Section 12: Analysis

12.1 Identify and evaluate any potential threats to privacy that exist in light of the information collected or the sources from which the information is collected. Also, describe the choices that the bureau/operating unit made with regard to the type or quantity of information collected and the sources providing the information in order to prevent or mitigate threats to privacy. (For example: If a decision was made to collect less data, include a discussion of this decision; if it is necessary to obtain information from sources other than the individual, explain why.)

Nation states and adversarial entities are the predominant threats to the information collected and its privacy. Security controls following FedRAMP and NIST guidance were implemented to deter and prevent threats to privacy.

12.2 Indicate whether the conduct of this PIA results in any required business process changes.

	Yes, the conduct of this PIA results in required business process changes.
	Explanation:
$\boxtimes$	No, the conduct of this PIA does not result in any required business process changes.

12.3 Indicate whether the conduct of this PIA results in any required technology changes.

	Yes, the conduct of this PIA results in required technology changes.  Explanation:
$\boxtimes$	No, the conduct of this PIA does not result in any required technology changes.